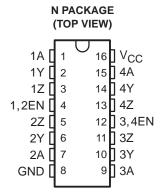
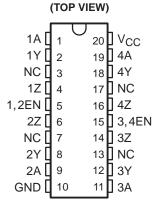
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI Standards EIA/TIA-422-B and RS-485 and ITU Recommendation V.11.
- **Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments**
- **3-State Outputs**
- Common-Mode Output Voltage Range of -7 V to 12 V
- **Active-High Enable**
- **Thermal Shutdown Protection**
- **Positive- and Negative-Current Limiting**
- **Operates From Single 5-V Supply**
- **Low Power Requirements**
- **Functionally Interchangeable With MC3487**

description

The SN75174 is a monolithic quadruple differential line driver with 3-state outputs. It is designed to meet the requirements of ANSI Standards EIA/TIA-422-B and RS-485 and ITU Recommendation V.11. The device is optimized for balanced multipoint bus transmission at rates up to 4 megabaud. Each driver features wide positive and negative common-mode output voltage ranges making it suitable for party-line applications in noisy environments.





DW PACKAGE

NC - No internal connection

The SN75174 provides positive- and negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions on the transmission bus line. Shutdown occurs at a junction temperature of approximately 150°C. This device offers optimum performance when used with the SN75173 or SN75175 quadruple differential line receivers.

The SN75174 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

FUNCTION TABLE (each driver)

| Γ | INPUT | ENABLE | OUTPUTS | | |
|---|-------|--------|---------|---|--|
| L | INFOI | ENABLE | Υ | Z | |
| Γ | Н | Н | Н | L | |
| ı | L | Н | L | Н | |
| | Χ | L | Z | Z | |

H = TTL high level, X = irrelevant,

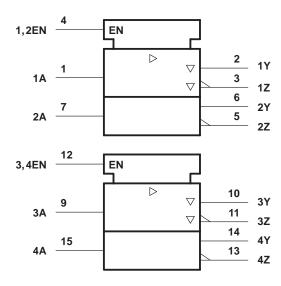
L = TTL low level, Z = high impedance (off)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

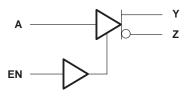


logic symbol†

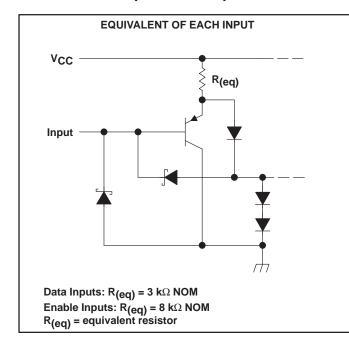


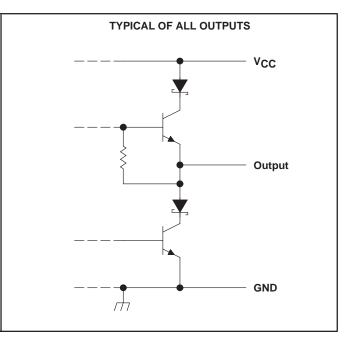
† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram, each driver (positive logic)



schematics of inputs and outputs





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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

| Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1) | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Output voltage range, VO | |
| Input voltage, V _I | 5.5 \ |
| Continuous total dissipation | See Dissipation Rating Table |
| Operating free-air temperature range, T _A | 0°C to 70°C |
| Storage temperature range, T _{stg} | –65°C to 150°C |
| Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds | 260°C |

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to the network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | $T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C | T _A = 70°C POWER RATING |
|---------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| DW | 1125 mW | 9.0 mW/°C | 720 mW |
| N | 1150 mW | 9.2 mW/°C | 736 mW |

recommended operating conditions

| | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
|--|------|-----|---------|------|
| Supply voltage, V _{CC} | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V |
| High-level input voltage, V _{IH} | 2 | | | V |
| Low-level input voltage, V _{IL} | | | 0.8 | V |
| Common-mode output voltage, V _{OC} | | _ | 7 to 12 | V |
| High-level output current, IOH | | | -60 | mA |
| Low-level output current, IOL | | | 60 | mA |
| Operating free-air temperature, T _A | 0 | | 70 | °C |



[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARAMETER | TEST | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP [†] | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|----------|------|
| VIK | Input clamp voltage | $I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$ | | | | -1.5 | V |
| Vон | High-level output voltage | $V_{IH} = 2 V$, $I_{OH} = -33 \text{ mA}$ | V _{IL} = 0.8 V, | | 3.7 | | V |
| VOL | Low-level output voltage | V _{IH} = 2 V, I _{OL} = 33 mA | V _{IL} = 0.8 V, | | 1.1 | | ٧ |
| ٧o | Output voltage | I _O = 0 | | 0 | | 6 | V |
| V _{OD1} | Differential output voltage | I _O = 0 | | 1.5 | 6 | 6 | V |
| IV _{OD2} I | Differential output voltage | R _L = 100 Ω, | See Figure 1 | 1/2 V _{OD1} or 2 [‡] | | | V |
| | | $R_L = 54 \Omega$, | See Figure 1 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 5 | V |
| V _{OD3} | Differential output voltage | See Note 2 | | 1.5 | | 5 | V |
| Δ V _{OD} | Change in magnitude of differential output voltage§ | | | | | ±0.2 | V |
| Voc | Common-mode output voltage¶ | $R_L = 54 \Omega \text{ or } 10$ | 00Ω , See Figure 1 | | | +3 -1 | V |
| ΔIVOCI | Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage§ | | | | | ±0.2 | V |
| I _O | Output current with power off | V _{CC} = 0, | $V_0 = -7 \text{ V to } 12 \text{ V}$ | | | ±100 | μΑ |
| IOZ | High-impedance-state output current | $V_0 = -7 \text{ V to } 1$ | 2 V | | | ±100 | μΑ |
| lН | High-level input current | V _I = 2.7 V | | | | 20 | μА |
| I _{IL} | Low-level input current | V _I = 0.5 V | | | | -360 | μΑ |
| | Short-circuit output current | V _O = -7 V V _O = V _{CC} | | | | -180 | |
| los | | | | | | 180 | mA |
| | | V _O = 12 V | | | | 500 | |
| loo | Owner has a summer of Arthodoxical School | No load | Outputs enabled | | 38 | 60 | mA |
| Icc | Supply current (all drivers) | Outputs disabled | | | 18 | 40 | IIIA |

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

NOTE 2: See EIA Standard RS-485.

switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| td(OD) | Differential-output delay time | $R_1 = 54 \Omega$ | See Figure 2 | | 45 | 65 | ns |
| t _t (OD) | Differential-output transition time | KL = 54 52, | See Figure 2 | | 80 | 120 | ns |
| ^t PZH | Output enable time to high level | $R_L = 110 \Omega$, | See Figure 3 | | 80 | 120 | ns |
| tPZL | Output enable time to low level | $R_L = 110 \Omega$, | See Figure 4 | | 55 | 80 | ns |
| ^t PHZ | Output disable time from high level | $R_L = 110 \Omega$, | See Figure 3 | | 75 | 115 | ns |
| tPLZ | Output disable time from low level | $R_L = 110 \Omega$, | See Figure 3 | | 18 | 30 | ns |



 $[\]ddagger$ The minimum VOD2 with a 100- Ω load is either 1/2 VOD1 or 2 V, whichever is greater.

^{§ ∆|}V_{OD}| and ∆|V_{OC}| are the changes in magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC}, respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

[¶] In ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B, V_{OC}, which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to ground, is called output offset voltage, V_{OS}.

SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS

| DATA SHEET PARAMETER | EIA/TIA-422-B | RS-485 |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Vo | V _{oa,} V _{ob} | V _{oa} , V _{ob} |
| IV _{OD1} I | Vo | V _o |
| V _{OD2} | $V_t (R_L = 100 \Omega)$ | $V_t (R_L = 54 \Omega)$ |
| lV _{OD3} l | | V _t (Test Termination) Measurement 2) |
| Δ V _{OD} | $ V_t - \overline{V}_t $ | $ V_t - \overline{V}_t $ |
| Voc | V _{os} | V _{os} |
| Δ V _{OC} | $ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $ | $ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $ |
| los | I _{sa} , I _{sb} | |
| lo | $ I_{xa} , I_{xb} $ | lia, ^l ib |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

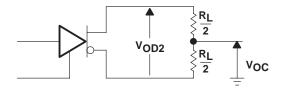
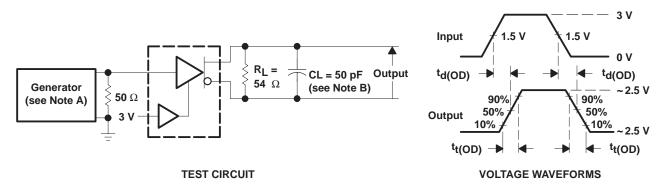


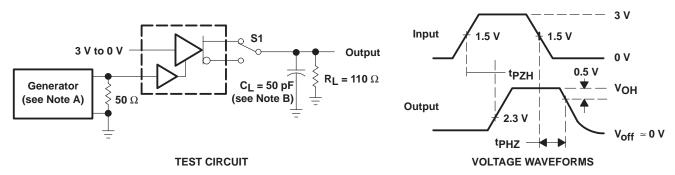
Figure 1. Differential and Common-Mode Output Voltages



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $t_{\Gamma} \le 5$ ns, $t_{\Gamma} \le 5$ ns, PRR ≤ 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$.
 - B. C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

Figure 2. Differential-Output Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

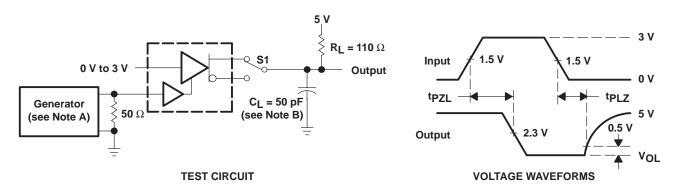
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, $t_f \leq$ 5 ns, $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$.

B. C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, $t_f \leq$ 5 ns, $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$.

B. C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

Figure 4. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

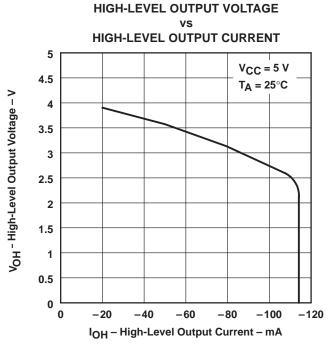


Figure 5

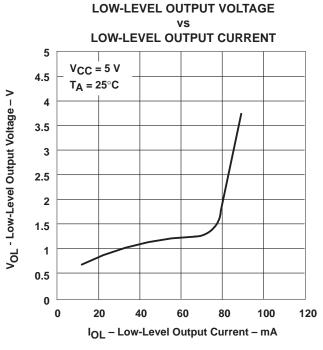


Figure 6

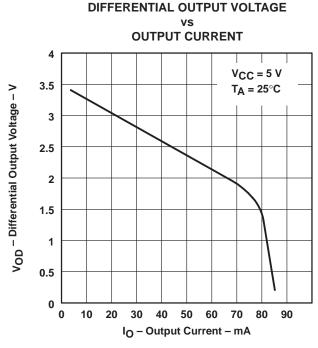


Figure 7

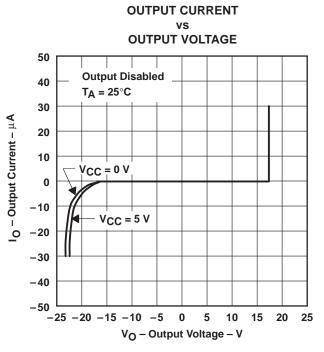
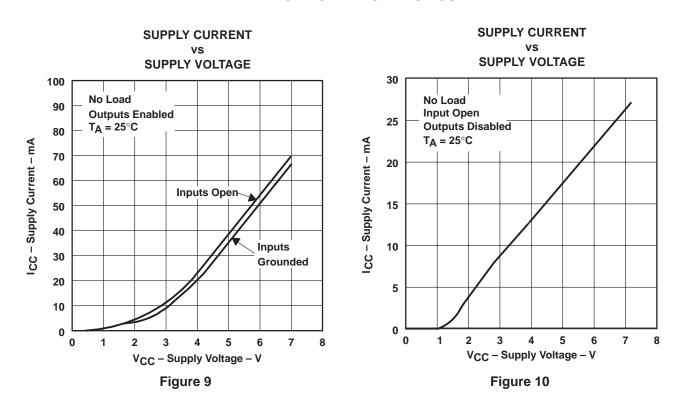
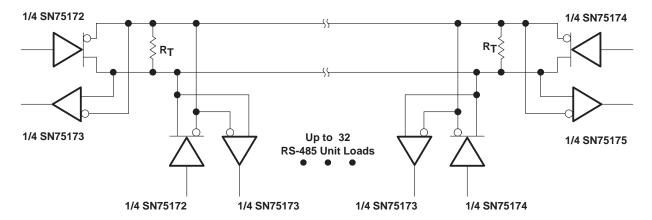


Figure 8

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



APPLICATION INFORMATION



NOTE: The line length should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance (R_T = Z_O). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible.

Figure 11. Typical Application Circuit



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